

FD-302 (Rev. 3-3-59)

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Date 11/29/63

Mr. WILLIAM WAYNE WHALEY, cab driver, City Transportation Company, 610 S. Akard, Dallas, Texas, advised the following information in regard to the fare he has identified as OSWALD who he picked up at the cab stand at the Greyhound Terminal at Lamar and Jackson Streets about 12:30 P.M. on November 22, 1963. After picking up. OSWALD he turned left on Austin to Wood and took Wood to Houston and then turned left across the viaduct and then proceeded up Zangs - Street to Beckley where he turned south on Beckley and drove to the 500 block where he let OSWALD out. OSWALD when he left the cab walked in front of the cab and angled south walking across Beckley Street. He did not see OSWALD after this as he, WHALEY, turned around and drove north on Beckley back to Zangs where he proceeded back across the viaduct where he turned into the Union Station Terminal through the express company which has an entrance from the viaduct. During this trip he stated he would have averaged 25 MPH until he hit the viaduct and then would have driven 43 MPH until he came to Zangs. He has a governor on his car and his car will only do about 43 MPH and this is why he knows he would have driven this speed across the viaduct. On Zangs Street he would have driven about 35 MPH and then slowed down to about 25 MPH on Beckley.

The reason he turned on Austin to start the trip was because he had the traffic light and knew by turning on this street he would not have to stop for any traffic signals. He did not stop for any traffic signals until he arrived at Zangs and Beckley Streets where he stopped for a few seconds for the traffic signal at this intersection. He estimated the entire trip from the bus terminal to Beckley and back to the Union Terminal only took 10 or 11 minutes.

He stated when he got back to the Union Terminal he made an entry of the trip on his manifest for the day. This manifest is available and shows that he listed the time out on the trip as 12:30 P.M. and the time back at Union Station as 12:45 P.M. He usually rounds off his times and stated for this reason it probably could have been shortly after 12:30 when he picked up this fare but he does recall it being 12:45 P.M. when he made the entry as he looked at his watch at Union Terminal. He stated that his watch usually is about two minutes slow with the accurate time but he does not know for sure if this was true on November 22, 1963. He added his trip manifest is kept in the regular course of business by his company and would be available at the office.

on <u>11/29/63</u> of <u>Dallas</u> , Texas	File # DL 89-43
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGA

Date _____11/29/63

Mr. E. W. POTTS, Personnel Manager, City Transportation Company, 610 S. Akard, Dallas, Texas, made available a copy of the manifest for driver W. W. WHALEY for November 22, 1963.

The manifest reveals that pickup #14 was one passenger from "Greyhound" to "500 . Beckley." The fare was \$.95 and the time out was listed as 12:30 and the time in is listed as 12:45.

Mr. POTTS advised that the original manifest is kept in the regular course of business and would be maintained in their files for a period of two years.

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•n	Dallas, Texas	File # DL 89-43
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIG

Dete <u>11/22/63</u>

Mrs. EARLENE ROBERTS, housekeeper at 1026 North Beckley, telephone WH 3-8993, furnished the following information: Dallas Texas

A person known to her as O. H. LEE, but identical to an individual she had seen on television on November 22, 1963, identified as LEE OSWALD, rented a room at this address October 14, 1963.

She last saw him sometime in the early afternoon of November 22, 1963. At the time, she had just learned President KENNEDY had been shot and had turned on her television to get the news. While she was watching the TV, LEE came in, went to his room, got a coat, and left again. She remarked to him, "You sure are in a big hurry," and LEE said nothing. He proceeded to a bus stop which is near the house.

She stated she had never seen LEE in possession of a gun, but that she did observe a holster for a hand gun in the room on the late afternoon of November 22, 1963.

She stated LEE had never come into the house in the middle of the day during a week day like he did on November 22, 1963, and that it was rather unusual.

ROBERTS advised since LEE had been residing at this rooming house, he would leave before 7 in the morning and would return at 6 or 7 in the evening. Each week end, LEE told her he was going to Irving, Texas, to visit friends.

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on Dallas, Texas	File # Dallas 89-43
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIG

Date 11/28/63

EARLINE ROBERTS, housekeeper, 1026 N. Beckley, telephone WH 3-8993, furnished the following information:

She identified a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD as an individual known to her as O. H. LEE whom she first saw at about 4:00 p.m. on October 14, 1963, when he rented a small room just off the dining room at 1026 N. Beckley.

He returned approximately one hour later and moved his belongings into this room which he continued to occupy until November 22, 1963.

Mrs. ROBERTS occupies a room which adjoins the room occupied by OSWALD at that time and she knows from seeing him and hearing him about the house that he was in his room Overy evening from October 14, 1963, through November 20, 1963, except that he was usually gone on weekends.

During this period, OSWALD habitually left for work on Friday morning and did not return to the house until Monday afternoon after work indicating he went to Irving, Texas, on these weekends. The only exceptions to this were as follows:

1. November 11, 1963 - This was a holiday. This occurred on Monday and OSWALD did not return to the house until November 12, 1963, after work. Mrs. ROBERTS recalls him saying that he had had a long weekend.

2. On the following weekend, OSWALD did not go to Irving as usual but returned to the house on Friday night. Mrs. ROBERTS recalls his being in his room on this evening. She also recalls seeing him on Saturday afternoon, November 16, 1963, at which time he was watching a football game on television in the living room of the house. She stated she does not recall seeing him on Sunday, November 17, 1963, since she was away from the house all day.

3. On the night of November 21, 1963, OSWALD did not come home and the next time she saw him was in the early afternoon of November 22, 1963.

She exhibited a sheet of paper on which she had recorded in her handwriting the account for O. H. LEE, noting that OSWALD had printed the name O. H. LEE on this sheet of paper for her. This

on 11/27/63 et Dallas, Texas	File # B9-43
by Special Agent BARDWELL D. ODUM: VM	Date dictated
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accounting lists the room as room "0" and shows payments of \$8.00 on the following dates: October 14, 1963; October 21, 1963; October 28, 1963; November 4, 1963; November 11, 1963, and November 18, 1963. She stated this indicated each time that rent of \$8.00 cash was paid for a week's rent beginning with the date listed. She stated that on each occasion she received the \$8.00 in cash from OSWALD on the date listed except November 11, 1963. The money for this week was not received from OSWALD until November 12, 1963, since he was not at the house on November 11, 1963.

Mrs. ROBERTS advised OSWALD very seldom left the house for more than a few minutes, and to the best of her knowledge, was never out a single evening during the time he stayed at the house except for the trips to Irving, Texas.

She stated that on November 22, 1963, OSWALD entered the house some time about 1:00 p.m. at which time he was wearing a light colored shirt either short sleeved or with the sleeves rolled up, dark pants and no jacket. She had just learned of the assassination of President JOHN KENNEDY from a friend and was watching the television to learn what she could. OSWALD entered the house, went into his room and left again, staying in the house no longer than four or five minutes. On entering and leaving the house he passed through the living room but did not stop to look at television and said nothing to Mrs. ROBERTS. He was very hurried and as he left, Mrs. ROBERTS said something to the effect that he was in a terrible hurry. OSWALD made no reply. She stated she cannot definitely recall what he was wearing as he left but that she remembers he was putting on a jacket and zipping it up the front as he left the house. She has the impression that he had changed clothes but cannot definitely recall anything other than the jacket.

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Mrs. EARLENE ROBERTS, 1026 Beckley, Dallas, advised she could not furnish the exact time that OSWALD returned to his room at 1026 Beckley after the Texas, assassination of the President but said a rough guess would be 1 p.m. Mrs. ROBERTS received a telephone call from a friend telling her the President had just been shot, and Mrs. ROBERTS turned on the television and recalled the announcer saying President KENNEDY had just been shot and was at Parkland Hospital. Mrs. ROBERTS advised after OSWALD had entered his room at about 1 p.m. on November 22, 1963, she looked out the front window and saw Police Car No. 207 with two uniformed policemen in the car which slowed up and stopped in front of the residence at 1026 Beckley, and one of the officers blew the horn on the car and then drove slowly on Beckley toward Zangs Boglevard. Mrs. ROBERTS said the reason she recalled the number of the car was because she had worked for two policeman who drove Squad Car 170, and she looked to see if these were the two officers she knew parked in front of the residence.

on <u>11/29/63</u> of <u>Dallas, Toxas</u> by Special Agents<u>WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN & JAMES C.</u> Date dictored <u>11/29/63</u> <u>KENNEDY</u> /cv <u>356</u> <u>KENNEDY</u> /cv <u>356</u> <u>This (collains mellion tecommendations not conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is bound to <u>This (collains mellion tecommendations not conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is bound to</u> <u>This (collains mellion tecommendations not conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is bound to</u> <u>This (collains mellion tecommendations not conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is bound to</u> <u>tecometers</u></u> 1

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Dete _____11/22/63____

Mr. A. C.XJOHNSON, owner of the premises at 1026 North Beckley, telephone WH 3-8993, employment Johnnie's Cale, 1029 Young Street, RI 1-0192, furnished the following information:

An individual known to him as O. H. LEE, but identical with an individual he had just seen on television on this date whose name is given as LEE OSWALD, has rented a room at 1026 North Beckley for the past five weeks. He told JOHNSON he was working at some book concern, identity undetermined.

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by Speciel Agen# WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN/#1	Date	dictated 11/22/62
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Date 11/28/63

Mrs. GLADYS/JOHNSON, wife of A. C. JOHNSON, residence, <u>1026 N. Beckley</u> WH 3-8993, employed as operator and owner of Johnnie's Cafe, 1029 Young Street, Riverside 1-0192, furnished the following information: Dellas Texas

She identified the photograph of LEE OSWALD as being identical to an individual who first appeared at her home sometime about the first week in October, on a date which she cannot definitely fix, asking about a room for rent. At that time she explained to him that she had no vacancy but had neglected to remove her "Room for Rent" sign. She told him to watch the yard since she would probably have a vacancy before very long.

She stated that on October 14, 1963, in the middle of the afternoon probably around 3:00 or 4:00 p.m. this individual returned to her home and she told him she had a very small room off the dining room which she usually did not rent but if he wanted it she would let him keep it until a larger room was vacant. She stated he rented this room at this time and made a payment of \$8.00 for one week's rent.

Mrs. JOHNSON knew LEE OSWALD under the name O. H. LEE and he moved in on the evening of October 14, 1963, although Mrs. JOHNSON was not at home when he brought his belongings. He stayed at the house from that time until November 22, 1963.

Three or four days after he moved in which would have been about October 17 or 18, 1963, she had a larger room vacant and told LEE he could move into this room. He told her he liked the room he was in and was getting his money's worth out of it and did not care to move to a larger room.

When LEE rented the room on October 14, 1963, he told Mrs. JOHNSON he would be gone almost every weekend since he would go to Irving, Texas, to visit his wife. He stated he winted to rent the room so he could be near his work.

During the period he stayed at this address, LEE, or OSWALD as Mrs. JOHNSON now knows his true name to be, would customarily leave home on Friday morning for work and not return to the house until Monday afternoon after work. The only exceptions to this routine were as follows:

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	by Special AgentBARDWELL D. ODUM; YM	
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1. On Monday, November 11, 1963, he did not return after being gone since Friday morning, November 8, 1963, but returned on the night of November 12, 1963, after work.

2. On the weekend of November 15, 16, and 17, 1963, OSWALD was at the house and was not absent to any extent. Mrs. JOHNSON remembers seeing him on Saturday, November 16, 1963, when he made a trip to a nearby washateria and she recalls seeing him in the living room on Sunday, November 17, 1963, watching television.

3. On the night of November 21, 1963, OSWALD did not return to the house and Mrs. JOHNSON has not seen him since that time.

Mrs. JOHNSON stated that OSWALD stayed "closer to Home" than any roomer she has ever had before. He did not drink or smoke and rarely left his room in the evening except to watch television in the living room or to go to the nearby Cabell's Market where he usually got bread, lunchmeat, and jelly to prepare meals in his room. He did not talk to anyone and had no visitors. To her recollection, he never spent an evening away from the house except the evenings previously mentioned when he indicated he was going to Irving, Texas. DL 89-43 RER:cab

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The following persons who reside in the neighborhood of 1026 North Beckley, where OSWALD had an apartment, from October 14, 1963, until November 22, 1963, advised SAS RALPH E. RAWLINGS and EDMOND C. HARDIN that they could furnish no information concerning OSWALD's activities. Mone of them could identify a photograph of RUBY as having been in that neighborhood or having been associated in any way with OSWALD:

> BOBBY JOE PALMER, 1026 North Beckley; C. C.XLEHMANN, 1026 Morth Beckley; RAY SAMUEL CLEGHORN, 1026 North Beckley; FLOYD DEGRAFFENREID, 1026 North Beckley; HUGH SLOUGH, 1026 North Beckley; JACE CODY, 1026 North Beckley; A. C. JOHNSON, 1026 North Beckley; GEORGE GIBBONEY, 1026 North Beckley; GERALD A DUNCAN, 1030 North Zangs; CLYDE HUFF, 1030 North Zangs; LAVADA WILSON, 1022 North Beckley; WILLIAM WILSON, 1022 North Beckley; Mr. and Mrs. G. W HILLER, 1028 North Beckley; ELLIJO BAVIS, Gulf Service Station, Beckley and Zangs.

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Date November 28, 1963

MR. SAMSON WIENER, Proprietor, Wiener Lumber Company, Inwood Road at Maple Avenue, telephone ME 1-1111, who stated he is a member of the Crime Commission in Dallas, furnished a copy of an application for employment dated October 14, 1963, in the mame of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, born October 18, 1939, place not given, which was filled out in his handwriting. WIENER stated that he was mildly impressed with OSWALD as a prospective employee until OSWALD was asked to show his Honorable Discharge Card, inasmuch as he alleged to have been in the U. S. Marine Corps. When he was unable to satisfy him regarding his alleged former service with the U. S. Marine Corps, he was not hired, according to MR. WIENER.

NR. WIENER advised that one of his employees advanced the theory that OSWALD may not have come to WIENER Lumber Company purely by accident, that it was entirely possible that a motorcade from Love Field to downtown Dallas could have passed by this lumber company at Inwood Road and Maple Avenue. WIENER pointed out that in his opinion it would have possibly been even a more direct route to the downtown area than the route which was taken subsequently by the Presidential Motorcade when President KENNEDY visited Dallas. He felt that the possibility existed that LEE HARVEY OSWALD may have contacted other places on what he may have thought to have been a potential motorcade route from the airport to downtown Dallas for the President.

on 11/27/63 of Dallas, Texas	File # DL 89-43
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FRANK? PIZZO, Assistant Manager, Downtown Lincoln-Mercury, 118 East Commerce, residence 800 Burns, telephone FE 1-1831, stated during the afternoon of November 22, 1963, he heard the name of LEE OSWALD on a radio newscast in connection with the latter's arrest as a suspect in the assassination of President KENNEDY. He said he recognized the name and asked ALBERT G. BOGARD, salesman, if he did not have a prospect of the same name. BOGARD stated that he had, in fact, and after discussion and on viewing newspaper photographs of OSWALD on November 23, 1963, he recognized him as an individual who had been in the showroom some several days previously and who had talked to Mr. BOGARD. He recalled BOGARD had remarked on the extended demonstration ride OSWALD had taken. He said he had not seen this individual again to the best of his knowledge.

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MEL AUDREY, Realtor, 311 South Bishop, telephone WH 3-8341, advised he overheard a conversation in the office of WALLER BOEDEKER, Vice-President, Boedeker-Verner Motor Co., 111 North Marsalis, on November 27, 1963, to the effect that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had, sometime (exact time not known) prior to the assassination of PRESIDENT KENNEDY, been in the premises of the Lincoln-Mercury dealer located at Industrial Avenue and Fort Worth Avenue (Downtown Lincoln-Mercury), attempting to purchase an automobile milas TNIS

A salesman of this firm, whose identity is not known to AUDREY, was allegedly asked by OSWALD to drive him over Elm Street, a portion of the route proposed by the PRESIDENT's Notorcade. It is AUDREY's impression OSWALD was allegedly shopping for a car and the purpose of this trip was to "try out" the car. He does not know whether or not the man allegedly identified as OSWALD ever drove this car.

AUDREY did not hear the hame of the salesman allegedly contacted, but advised, the owner or manager of the Lincoln-Mercury Agency is BILLAJANIN, the son-in-law of MR. WALLER BOEDEKER, and that MR. JANIN will likely know the salesman's identity.

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Dete November 23, 1963

At about 3:00 to 4:00 p.m., Saturday, November 9, 1963, a young man came to the automobile showroom walking and alone, stating he was interested in a car. BOGARD said he introduced himself and asked the prospective customer his name about twice before the individual gave his name as LEE OSWALD. BOGARD said he seemed to recall OSWALD said he had previously looked at Rambler and Plymouth automobiles, although he could not be certain.

He said he showed OSWALD "every car in the showroom and on the Lot," following which he took OSWALD back inside in an effort to "close" with him. At this time OSWALD said he had no money but that he would have money in a couple or three weeks. BOGARD said he suggested a down payment and tried to find out where OSWALD intended his money would come from. OSWALD replied, "I've got it coming." He was particularly interested in a two door Mercury hardtop which sells for about \$3,000.00. OSWALD asked for a demonstration ride.

BOGARD said he and OSWALD got in a demonstration car, with OSWALD driving, that OSWALD drove to Industrial Boulevard, south on Industrial about two or three blocks, and made a U-turn, proceeding north on Industrial and thénce 'to Stemmons Freeway, He drove out Stemmons at a rapid rate of speed, 75-85 miles per hour, to the Inwood Road exit to the right, back to the left under the Freeway, and again to the left and onto the Freeway, where he proceeded in a southeasterly direction. OSWALD continued on Stemmons Freeway to R. L. Thornton Freeway, turned to the right at the Colorado Avenue exit, made a left back under the Freeway, and thence back up on the Freeway, and proceeded in a northwesterly direction. At a point where OSWALD had a choice of continuing on the Freeway which would mean bearing to the left, he started to go straight northward on Cadiz Street. BOGARD called his attention

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to the fact the car had little gasoline in it, whereupon OSWALD turned back onto Industrial and thence to the automobile concern.

BOGARD said he again approached OSWALD on the proposition of a down payment, stating he could proceed with a credit check. OSWALD declined, stating he would pay cash. He would not give his address but said he lived in the Oak Cliff section of Dallas. He said as he recalled, OSWALD wore no coat or tie and was believed dressed in a "sweat shirt," was bareheaded, and did not look like a \$3,000.00 car man. BOGARD said he wrote OSWALD's name "LEE OSWALD" on the reverse side of one of his, BOGARD's, business cards.

He related that on November 22, 1963, he heard the name of OSWALD on a radio newscast and recognized the name as that of his prospective customer. He said he remarked on this to others and pulled a number of cards out of his pocket, selected the card with OSWALD's name on it, and threw it in the waste paper basket. He said he saw OSWALD's picture on television, and confirmed that this was the same individual who had come to his place of business on November 9, 1963 but who had never returned to his knowledge.

He stated OSWALD did not enter into any conversation except as to the car, and he observed no unusual actions. BOGARD remarked that he has been in Dallas for a short time only and that OSWALD appeared much more familiar with the streets than is he, BOGARD. Agents requested BOGARD to travel the same route that OSWALD had driven. Agents observed this route carried BOGARD and OSWALD on Stemmons Expressway on a portion of the route traveled by President KENNEDY's motorcade on November 22, 1963, and that the site of the proposed luncheon for Mr. KENNEDY was on this route. A total distance of some 13 miles was traveled. It was observed that the Texas Schoolbook Depository Building is within sight of Downtown Lincoln-Mercury showroom, perhaps three-fourths mile distant. Upon return to the motor company, agents asked BOGARD to attempt to locate his business card on which he said he had written the name of OSWALD. He stated trash had been picked up by the janitor and placed in a large receptacle to the rear of the building, somewhat inaccessible for a thorough search. He did not locate the card.

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Det 11/23/63

JACK EDWIN DOUGHERTY, 1827 South Marsalis, was contacted on November 22, 1963, and furnished the following signed statement:

"Dallas, Texas 11-22-63

"I, Jack Edwin Dougherty, make the following free and voluntary statement to Alfred C. Ellington and James W. Anderton who have identified themselves to me as Special Agents of the FBI.

"I am employed by the Texas School Book Depository, 411 Elm Street, Dallas as an order filler, and reside at 1827 S. Marsalis St., Dallas, Texas.

"I started to work today, 11/22/63, at about 7:00 AM o'clock.

"I recall vaguely, having seen Lee Oswald, (who started to work for the Texas School Book Depository about 3 weeks ago) when he came to work at about 8:00 AM today. I saw Oswald again about 11:00 AM today and do not recall seeing him at work after 11:00 AM.

"I was working on the 5th floor of the building at 411 Elm Street at about 12:45 PM or 1:00 PM, when I heard a loud explosion which sounded like a rifle shot coming from the next floor above me.

"I did not see anyone running from the building and did not see anyone fire the shot which I heard.

"I have read this Statement and this is true.

"/s/ JACK EDWIN DOUGHERTY

**W3	nessed:	
"/:	ALFRED C. ELLINGTON, Special Agent, FBI, Dallas	,
	11/22/63.	
. "/:	JAMES W. ANDERTON, Bpecial Agent, FBL, Dallas, 11/22/63."	•

	on 11/22/63 Dallas, Texas of	DL 89-43
	ALFRED C. BLLINGTON & by Speciel Agent ANDERTON TED	Date dictated
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Also present during the interview with JACK EDWIN DOUGHERTY was his father, R. C. DOUGHERTY, who advised his son received a medical discharge from the U.S. Army and indicated his son had considerable difficulty in coordinating his mental facilities with his speech.

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 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGA

Date ______ 11/25/63

DORIS BURNS, 2617 Shelby, Dallas, Texas, advised that she is employed as a correspondent for Mac Millan Company, officed at the Texas School Book Depository building in Dallas, Texas.

MRS. BURNS stated that when she had seen pictures of LEE HARVEY OSWALD on television, she recognized him as one with whom she had ridden the elevator in the Texas School Book Depository building sometime during the week prior to November 22, 1963. She stated that she had not seen OSWALD in the building on the day of the assassination.

When the President's motorcade passed the building, MRS. BURNS said she had walked from her office to that of Allyn and Bacon, also on the third floor of the building, in order to view the motorcade from the windows of this firm. As she walked to the office of Allyn and Bacon, MR. WILSON, the manager, whose first name MRS. BURNS did not know, stated, "My god, there's been a shooting". MRS. BURNS stated that she had not seen the shooting of the President nor had she heard shots fired.

After being informed of the shooting by MR. WILSON, she stated that she had returned to the office of Mac Millan Company in order to listen to reports coming over the radio and thereafter went to the women's restroom on the third floor, a restroom located next to the back stairs. While in the restroom, she heard someone running down the steps. She had of course, no idea as to the identity of this individual nor could she see whether there was more than one.

MRS. HERNS stated that she had not seen OSWALD leave the building during the pertinent period. She advised she had no additional information.

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Wallar,

Mrs. GENEVA L. HINE, 2305 Oakdale Road, Dallas, Thxas, advised in the presence of Detective ERNEST R. BECK the following information:

She has been employed as a clerk by the Texas School Book Depository, Dallas, for the past seven years. She was at work on November 22, 1963. She spends most of her time on the second floor of the company building but also spends part of her time on other floors of the building. She actually goes into the warehouse section of the building which is on the first floor sometime early in the afternoon.

Mrs. HINE was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She identified this photograph as being a likeness of a person who has been employed for a time as a book clerk at the company. She does not know his name. She usually sees OSWALD on the first floor of the building, but has noticed that almost every day, sometime between 12 noon and 1 p.m., he comes to the second floor where there is another employee who has a change box and asks for change for a dime. She assumes he uses this change in the Coke machine in the building. She described OSWALD as being a peculiar person because during all the times she has seen him f_{1} and spoken to him during her rounds of the building, he has never returned her greeting and has never to much as acknowledged her presence. He is entirely different from other employees in this regard because other employees are friendly and responsive. She said another way that he is peculiar is that his facial expression never changes. She has mentioned these peculiarities to Mr. WILLIAN H. SHELLEY, the Assistant Foreman of the warehouse, and he told her that this is probably "just OSVALD's way".

Mrs. HINE advised that she knows nothing about OSWALD other than what she has described. She advised that she did not see OSWALD at all on November 22, 1963.

Mrs. HINE advised that sometime between approximately 12:25 p.m. and 12:35 p.m., she was alone in her office on the second floor of the company building and the five or six other female employees were watching the parade of the procession of President JOHN F. KENNEDY which was passing by the building. At approximately that time she heard what she described as three

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₹. E. J. shots. She heard these very distinctly and believes they came from somewhere inside the building, inasmuch as it sounded to her that the shots originated at the point above and to the west of her.

She said that after hearing these shots she looked out the windows on the east side of the building and saw Several people on Houston Street and on Elm Street running in various directions. Almost immediately after she observed this a policeman came in to the office where she was and told her not to leave. At about that same time the telephone switchboard which she was tending and on which there had been no activity for some time, began to register several incoming calls. Mrs. HINE advised that the policeman who had come in then took over the switchboard and operated it. She asked him who got shot and he told her that it was the President. She said the building then began to fill with law enforcement officers.

In conclusion, Mrs. HINE advised that she sees LEE HARVEY OSWALD almost every day at work, however, she did not see him at all on November 22, 1963. 1

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Dete 11/23/63

NR. WILLIAM H. SHELLEY, Department Manager, Texas School Book Depository, Elm and Houston Streets, Dallas, of interview at his place of employment furnished the following information: On the morning of November 22, 1963, MARVEY LEE OSWALD, who is an employee of the Texas Schoel Book Depository, appeared at work as usual and went about his occupation filling orders for school books. He saw OSWALD on two or three occasions during the morning and last saw him sometime between 11:45 A.M. and 12 Noon, When he, SHELLEY, went to lunch. He did not see OSWALD again on this date until he observed OSWALD at the Dallas Police Department, where he went at the request of Dallas police officers. OSWALD said nothing to him about leaving work early or going home, and he did not give OSWALD permission to leave work.

NR. SHELLEY accompanied the Agents to the sixth floor of the Texas School Book Depository where some bones, apparently the remains of fried chicken, and accompanying wax paper, were observed on the floor near the center window on the south side of the building. MR. SHELLEY stated that he observed an employee other than OSWALD eating fried chicken at this location fairly early on the morning of November 22, 1963, and is certain that these bones and wax paper were left there by this other employee. and not by OSWALD.

MR. SHELLEY stated that he has never seen OSWALD with a gun or rifle of any kind.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIG

Date November 25, 1963

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MR. CARL EDWARD VONES, Apartment 204, 3709 Spring Avenue, Dallas, Texas, furnished the following information:

He is employed as an order filler at the Texas School Book Depository, Dallas, Texas.

He was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and he identified this photograph as being a likeness of a person known to him as LEE, who is also employed as an order filler at the Texas School Book Depository.

He, JONES, usually arrives at work in the morning at about 8:00 AM and OSWALD is usually already there.

On November 22, 1963, he, JONES, arrived at work at about 8:30 AM. On that date, he did not see OSWALD any time. He usually sees him somewhere around the building almost every day during working hours.

NR. JONES characterized LEE HARVEY OSWALD as a quiet person who does not associate with the other employees and apparently has no close friends at the Texas School Book Depository building.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIG

Date November 25, 1963

MR. TROY WEST, 5814 Colonial Street, Dallas, Texas, furnished the following information:

He is employed as a wrapper on the first floor of the Texas School Book Depository, Dallas, Texas, having been employed there for seventeen years. He was shown a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and said that he recognized OSWALD as an order filler at the Texas School Book Depository. He said OSWALD has been employed there for two or three months. He advised he usually sees OSWALD every day at work, however, on November 22, 1963, he did not see OSWALD at all.

He characterized OSWALD as a quiet person who keeps to himself and does not socialize with other employees. He is unresponsive to friendly approaches and most of the other employees have given up trying to become acquainted with him.

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of B. L. ASENKEL, Detective, Homicide Bureau, Dallas in the presence Department, advised as follows:

Dulhs Texas Mr. MOLINA is employed by the Texas Schoolbook Depository, 411 Elm Street. His position with that company is that of Credit Manager, which he has held for approximately three to four years. He advised that his office is located on the second floor. NOLINA does not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD personally, however, he has seen him, but has never talked to him. MOLINA did not see OSWALD on November 22, 1963, the day of the assassination of President KENNEDY. MOLINA recalled that he left his office at approximately 12:15 p.m., and proceeded to the front of the building to observe the parade. He recalled hearing three shots, however he was not aware of the direction from which the shots had come. Subsequent to the assassination of President KENNEDY, when it was determined the President had been assassinated, MOLINA met <u>EDDIE PIPER</u>, a porter in the building where the Texas Schoolbook Depository is located. In a conversation with PIPER, PIPER mentioned to MOLINA that he had heard that all employees in the building had been accounted for, except "LEE". MOLINA stated at the time of the discussion with PIPER it had already been determined that the shots had come from the building at 411 Elm Street and that, also, the weapon used in the assassination had been located. MOLINA recalled also that at this time it had also been ascertained that food particles, reportedly identified as bits of chicken, had been located on the sixth floor. NOLINA stated that PIPER felt that it was possible that the assassin may have gotten the chicken from a catering service that services the employees at the Texas Schoolbook Depository. MOLINA was unable to furnish the name of the catering service.

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On November 27, 1963, GORDON WAYNER SMITH, warehouse employee, Texas School Book Depository, advised he did not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD had never to his recollection seen him before and states he is employed at the warehouse at 1917 North Houston Street and could offer no information as to any activities which took place in the vicinity of the Texas School Book Depository, 411 Elm Street, on November 22, 1963.

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Dete November 28, 1963

Mr. FRANK RAY, co-owner of the Pollock-Ray Company 3508 Dickason, was interviewed at his office and furnished the following information concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD:

Mr. RAY advised during a period sometime between November 1 through November 15, 1962, MARINA OSWALD wife of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was trying to get away from her husband and was canvassing Russian-speaking people in Dallas in an attempt to find a place to stay. Mr. RAY's wife, <u>11/5 104</u> ANNA VALANTINA RAY, was born and reared in Russia and Speaks the Russian-langauage. When she met MARINA OSWALD at a coffee party, she offered to let MARINA OSWALD stay at the RAY residence.

MARINA, although she had been in the United States for about 11 months at that time, could speak no English. RAY stated that his first knowledge of this event was when he came home one evening and found MARINA was moving in with them. RAY's wife told him that OSWALD had beaten MARINA. RAY decided to let her stay with them until she could learn enough English to get a job. Within a few days, OSWALD called and wanted her to come home and shortly thereafter came to the RAY residence.

OSWALD talked with his wife in private for about three hours, and his wife then announced she was going home with him. OSWALD had no car so RAY transported them and Mrs. OSWALD's personal belongings to their apartment at about 9:30 p.m. that same evening. RAY did not recall the address to which he took them but states it is near the intersection of Elsbeth and Davis Streets in Dallas.

Mrs. OSWALD was at the RAY residence no more than a few days. RAY recalls no definite time other than this event took place sometime during the first two weeks of November, 1962. After RAY had taken the OSWALDS to their residence, he sat in his car with OSWALD and talked with him for about three hours. He believes OSWALD was employed as a printer at that time and recalls OSWALD complained bitterly about his low pay and the exploitation of labor in general

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in the United States. OSWALD made no specific reference to his trip to Russia but did seem somewhat disillusioned about conditions in that country. He was emphatic, however, in his opinion that socialism and communism were far superior to capitalism. *

RAY stated that OSWALD showed little elasticity in arguing, that he argued in generalisies and sound as if he were quoting from something he had read. RAY stated it was "like arguing with a tape recorder." OSWALD admitted he had a better standard of living in the United States than he had in Russia but still complained about starting wages. He made no reference to any specific organizations or political party, and RAY states he did not get the impression OSWALD was "trying to convert him." He was very unimpressed with OSWALD's intelligence and describes his arguments as being "on the 6th grade level." RAY pointed out the main objective of this conversation was to resolve OSWALD's differences with his wife. Consequently, he, RAY, did most of the talking and did not concentrate on listening to OSWALD's political views.

He described OSWALD as having wild looking eyes and said he seemed moody.

RAY had no direct conversations with MARINA OSWALD as she spoke no English.

RAY saw OSWALD on one more occasion at a party at the DECLAN FORD residence sometime between Christmas and New Year's Eve of 1962. At this time he had little contact with either of them and recalls no specific conversation. He cannot advise whether or not OSWALD engaged in any political discussions with other guests on that occasion.

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The following is a day-by-day schedule of the known whereabouts of LEE HARVEY OSWALD from October 3, 1963, the date of his return to Dallas, to November 22, 1963, the date of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. The sources indicated to the right of each date are identified at the end of this schedule and details concerning that source's comments on activities of OSWALD on the date indicated are set forth in detail in other portions of this report.

; •	DATE			BOURCES
	October	3,	196 3	TNCA and TEC
	•	4,	**	PAINE
	.	5,	••	PAINE
	*	6,	••	PAINE
	#	7,		PAINE and BLEDSOE
•	•	8,	**	BLEDSOE
	*	9,	**	BLEDSOE
		10,	•	BLEDSOE
	•	11,	••	BLEDSOK
		12,	•	BLEDSOE and PAINE
	#1	13,	**	PAINE
	#	14,	••	PAINE, JOHNSON, and ROBERTS
	•	15,		JOHNSON and ROBERTS
	•	16,		JOHNSON, ROBERTS, and TSBD
	**	17,	•	JOHNSON, ROBERTS, and TSBD
†	- *	18,	**	JOHNSON, ROBERTS, TSBD, and PAINE
		19,		PAINE
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· •		DATE			SOURCES
		October	21,	1963	PAINE and TSBD
		-	82,	•	PAINE, JOHNSON, BOBERTS, and TSBD
₹.			23,	•	TSBD, JOHNSON, and ROBERTS
:		**	24,	*	TSED, JOHNSON, and ROBERTS
•	:	•	25,		TSBD, JOHNSON, ROBERTS, and PAINE
		•	26,	÷	PAINE
•		••	27,	••	PAINE
		•	28,	•	PAINE, TSBD, JOHNSON, and ROBERTS
	•	-	29,	•	TSBD, ROBERTS, and JOHNSON
		•	30,	• •	TSBD, ROBERTS, and JOHNSON
		-	31,	**	TSBD, ROBERTS, and JOHNSON
t .		Novembe	r 1,	1963	TSBD, ROBERTS, JOHNSON, and PAINE
.'			2,	*	PAINE
•		-	3,	-	PAINE
• ,		-	4,		PAINE, TSBD, ROBERTS, and JOHNSON
•		-	5,		JOHNSON, ROBERTS, and TSBD
		*	6,	•	JOHNSON, ROBERTS, and TSBD
3		**	7,	*	JOHNSON, ROBERTS, and TSBD
i -			8,	•	JOHNSON, ROBERTS, TSBD, and PAINE
i 	. 1	*	9,	•	PAINE
<u>.</u>		•	10,	•	PAINE
	1	•	11,		PAINE
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	DATE			SOURCES
	November	12,	1963	PAINE, TSBD, JOHNSON, and ROBERTS
		13,	••	JOHNSON, ROBERTS, and TSBD
		14,	••	JOHNSON, ROBERTS, and TSBD
•		15,		JOHNSON, ROBERTS, and TSBD
•	•	16,	e :	ROBERTS and JOHNSON
	*	17,		JOHNSON
		18,		JOHNSON, ROBERTS, and TSBD
	•	19,	**	ROBERTS, JOHNSON, and TSBD
	••	20,		ROBERTS, JOHNSON, and TSBD
	. ••	21,	•	ROBERTS, JOHNSON, TSBD, and PAINE
	-	2 2,	•	TSBD and BLEDSOE

SOURCES

TEC - Records of Texas Employment Commission, 2210 Nain Street, Dallas, Texas, recording OSWALD's appearance at their Unemployment Claims Office, noted in files by HARRY SANDERSON.

YNCA - Records of YNCA as furnished by JOEL McCREE.

PAINE - Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2215 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas.

BLEDSOE - Mrs. MARY BLEDSOE; 621 North Marsalis, Dallas, landlady renting room to OSWALD 10/7-14/63.

JOHNSON - Mrs. GLADYS JOHNSON, 1026 North Beckley, Dallas, Texas, owner of rooming house, 1026 North Beckley.

- ROBERTS - Mrs. EARLENE ROBERTS, housekeeper, 1026

TSBD - Employment records of Texas School Book Depository. FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGA

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Dete 11/28/63

1 Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 W. 5th, furnished the following information regarding the day by day location of LEE HARVEY OSWALD: February 22, 1963 ? Mrs. PAINE believes this is the date she first met LEE and MARINA OSWALD at a party at the home of EVERETT GLOVER, Dallas, Texas. Mrs. PAINE visited MARINA OSWALD at their March 20, 1963 residence, 214 W. Neeley. LEE was not present. April 2, 1963 - Mrs. PAINE had LEE and MARINA OSWALD for dinner at PAINE's home, Irving, Texas. Mr. MJCHAEL PAINE, husband of RUTH, picked OSWALDs up at their apartment, 214 W. Neeley. April 8, 1963 RUTH visited MARINA at MARINA's apartment. LEE was not present. RUTH brought MARINA to her home in Irving. April 11, 1963 On this occasion or possibly on April 8, 1963, MARINA told RUTH that LEE OSWALD had asked her to return to Russia and indicated that LEE OSWALD was tired of the marriage. MARINA indicated she wanted to stay in the United States. RUTH picnicked with LEE and MARINA at April 20, 1963 Oak Cliff near their residence. RUTH went to the OSWALD residence. LEE April 24, 1963 OSWALD was packed and asked RUTH to take him to the bus station saying he was leaving to look for work in New Orleans. RUTH and MARINA took LEE to the bus station believed to be Trailways, Dallas. LEE bought a ticket for himself and one for MARINA. RUTH asked MARINA to stay with her in Irving while LEE was looking for a job. MARINA agreed to stay and LEE got a refund on her bus ticket. MARINA and her child moved into the PAINE residence, 2515 W. Sth, 11/26/63 Irving, Texas DL 89-43 BARDWELL D. ODUM and Date dictated __11/27/63 by Special Agents JAMES D. HOSTY : was This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is lowned to Your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

May 9, 1963

May 10, 1963

May 11, 1963

May 14, 1963, to September 20, 1963 Irving, Texas. On leaving the bus station, PAINE took LEE back to the OSWALD apartment. He had shipped some things at the bus station and was to pack up the rest of his things and return to the bus station in time to catch a night bus to New Orleans. PAINE let him off at his apartment about 4:00 or 5:00 p.m.

- LEE OSWALD called MARINA at PAINE's home and stated he was living with his aubt and uncle in New Orleans and was working.
- MARINA and RUTH'PAINE drove from Dallas to Shreveport staying in a run-down motel across the street from the Holiday Inn on the north side of Highway 80 West.
- MARINA and RUTH drove from Shreveport to New Orleans arriving about supportime at LEE OSWALD's uncle's home. PAINE believes his name was JOHN MURET. They went directly to an apartment LEE had rented at 4709 or 4907 Magazine.

On the morning of May 14, 1963, RUTH PAINE left <u>New Orleans</u> leaving MARINA and LEE in this apartment. / $\angle \eta$.

During this period RUTH PAINE did not see LEE or MARINA QSWALD. She received one letter probably about June, 1963, in which MARINA stated she would soon have to return to Russia. RUTH wrote to tell her she could stay with her (RUTH).

Sometime probably in July, 1963, RUTH PAINE received a second letter from MARINA in which she stated she was in good health.

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About the end of August, 1963, RUTH received a letter from MARINA stating LEE was out of work again. RUTH wrote back asking if she could stop by New Orleans and see them when she returned to Texas after visiting her family in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

September 21, 1963? - RUTH PAINE arrived in New Orleans and visited the OSWALDs still living in the same apartment. LEE had been working previously but had lost his job. LEE mentioned that he had been in jail. RUTH asked MARINA if LEE had lost his job because of his political views. MARINA stated she did not know.

September 22, 1963

September 23, 1963

September 24, 1963

October 4, 1963

RUTH PAINE remained at OSWALDs' apartment.

MARINA left New Orleans with RUTH PAINE. LEE OSWALD stated he would go to Houston where he had a friend and look for work. He also montioned he might go to Philadelphia. On that night MARINA and RUTH stayed in a motel just across the line in Texas.

MARINA and RUTH PAINE arrived at Irving.

LEE OSWALD called MARINA at Mrs. PAINE's home in Irving. He wanted MARINA to have Mrs. PAINE pick him up. MARINA told him that Mrs. PAINE could not come because she had just given blood. Mrs. PAINE produced a receipt for blood donated on October 4, 1963, at Parkland Hospital for MARINA OSWALD, by which Mrs. PAINE fixed the date that LEE OSWALD contacted MARINA. This card is signed B. WHITNEY.

Tekas LEE OSWALD arrived at the PAINE residence, Irving, while RUTH PAINE was gone. She returned from grocery shopping before dark

and found him at the house. He stated h had been in Houston but had not found work. He also claimed to have been in Dallas for a few days before coming out to the house.

LEE OSWALD remained at the PAINE residence throughout this period.

RUTH PAINE took LEE OSWALD to the bus station in Irving. At this time she gave him an Enco map with Dallas on one side and Fort Worth on the other side. She recalled that sometime during this time LEE stated he stayed at the YMCA.

Either on this date or some time in the next day or two, LEE OSWALD called the PAINE residence to report that he had moved to a \$7.00 a week room. He gave MARINA OSWALD a telephone number and MARINA contacted him at that telephone number at least once.

- LEE OSWALD arrived at the PAINE residence and spent the night.
- LEE OSWALD was at the PAINE home all during this day and night.
- RUTH PAINE took LEE OSWALD to the bus station in Irving.

RUTH 'PAINE did not see LEE OSWALD on this date but she learned through telephone conversations that LBE had started to work at the Texas School Book Depository. Mrs. PAINE had located this job for him through a sister of WESLEY FRAZIER with whom RUTH was having coffee at her nextdoor neighbor's. WESLEY FRAZIER lives a few doors away and works at the Texas School Book Depository.

October 13, 1963

October 12, 1963

October 5 and 6, 1963 -

October 7, 1963

October 14, 1963

October 15, 1963

October 18, 1963

October 19, 1963 DCD.

October 20, 1963

October 21, 1963

October 22, 1963

October 25, 1963

October 28, 1963

- LEE OSWALD arrived at the PAINE home having obtained a ride with WESLEY FRAZIER from work. This was LEE's birthday.
- LEE spent entire day and night at PAINE's residence.
- MARINA OSWALD had labor pains and Mrs. PAINE took her to Parkland Hospital while LEE OSWALD babysat with his older child and Mrs. PAINE's children. MARINA gave birth to a girl, named AUDREY MARINA RACHEL COSTALD, at 10:41 p.m., Parkland Hospital
 - In Dallas. Texa 1 C.
- LEE OSWALD left for work with WESLEY FRAZIER. He returned that night to the PAINE residence and Mrs. PAINE finally got him to go visit his wife and the baby at the Parkland Hospital. LEE OSWALD did not want to go and RUTH PAINE's theory was that he did not want the hospital to find out he was working for fear they would bill him for the cost of delivery.
- LEE OSWALD went to work with WESLEY FRAZIER. MARINA came to RUTH PAINE's home from the hospital with her new baby.
 - LEE OSWALD came out after work with WESLEY FRAZIER and saw his wife and baby for the first time after they had left the hospital.
- October 26 and 27, 1963 LEE spent the day and night at the PAINE home.

LEE went to work in the morning with WESLEY FRAZIER. During this period LEE called and talked with his wife almost every night.

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: November 1, 1963

November 2 and 3, 1963

November 4, 1963

November 8, 1963

November 9, 1963

November 10, 1963

November 11, 1963

- , 1963 LEE OSWALD came to the PAINE residence after work with WESLEY FRAZIER.
 - 3 LEE spent entire day and night both dates at the PAINE home.
 - LEE went to work in the morning with WESLEY PRAZIER.
 - LEE OSWALD came to the PAINE home after work with WESLEY FRAZIER.
 - Mrs. PAINE drove to the driver's license office located in Oak Cliff to try to help LEE OSWALD get a learner's permit. LEE was not able to drive a car and had never learned. He had never held a driver's license. He told RUTH PAINE that once he had driven his uncle's car in New Orleans but RUTH PAINE recalls helping him try to learn how to drive and park the car. They were unable to get a learner's permit on this date since the office was closed due to it being an election day.
 - LEE spent the entire day at the PAINE home watching television. He spent that night there also.
 - This was a holiday. He stayed at the PAINE residence this entire day and night. He practiced parking for a short period with Mrs. PAINE's car. Mrs. PAINE was gone for two or three hours this date but LEE was there when she left and there when she came back.

November 12, 1963

November "18, 1963

- LEE OSWALD left with WESLEY FRAZIER in the morning to go to work.

- Mrs. PAINE placed a call for MARINA OSWALD to a Whitehall number which LEE had given her as his residence telephone numbers

Mrs. PAINE asked for Mr. OSWALD and was told that no one by that mame lived there. She asked if this was the number repeating it and was told it was. She then asked if this was a rooming house and was told it was.

- LEE OSWALD called MARINA at the PAINE residence and bawled her out for trying to call him the previous day. He instructed MARINA, according to what she told RUTH PAINE, to get hold of RUTH PAINE's address book and scratch out the Whitehall number which was written there.

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- Whereas LEE had usually called his wife once a day he did not call on this date.
- LEE OSWALD arrived about 5:15 p.m. at the PAINE residence having come out with WESLEY FRAZIER. He was not expected and it was unusual since he had never come before on Thursday night and had very seldom come on a weekday and had never come before without calling to ask if he could come out. On this night he said to MARINA that they should get their own apartment. Mrs. PAINE did not see him in the garage of her home but someone had been moving things around in the garage. LEE OSWALD went to bed early, about 8:00 or 9:00 p.m.
- Mrs.PAINE was up at 7:30 a.m. and found that LEE OSMALD had already arisen and departed. She found a coffee cup which had been used in the kitchen and believes he fixed himself a cup of coffee before leaving.
- LEE OSWALD called RUTH PAINE twice in rapid succession telling her he wanted her to get in touch with a Mr. ABT, an attorney in New York City, and ask him to defend OSWALD in his trial for the murder of President JOHN

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November 19, 1963 ?

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KENNEDY. These calls were received some time in the evening probably around 7:30 p.m.

Mrs. PAIME maintains a calendar with motations made on certain dates and she referred to this calender in fixing many of the dates set forth above.

Mrs. RUTH PAINE advised that LEE OSWALD received about \$50.00 per week gross from his employer, Texas School Book Depository, and that he was paid twice a month by them, the first pay being October 29, 1963. She stated she recalls seeing him cash what she believes was a pay check at the A & P in Irving while she was buying groceries. This check was for about \$50.00 and was some time in the period between October 29 and November 2, 1963.

She stated she knew of no bank account he might have used and she knows of no other income he had other than unemployment compensation and wages. She stated she had never observed him in possession of any sizeable amount of money and that he spent very little.

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X. Tracing of Assassination Weapon to Lee Harvey Oswald

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C. M. DOUGHERTY, Detective, Homicide Bureau, Dallas Police Department, advised he had examined a rifle obtained by Other officers from the premises of Texas State Schoolbook Depository, 411 Elm Street, on November 22, 1963, and had made the following notes regarding descriptive data:

The rifle was made in 1940 in Italy, bears a serial number, "C 2766", caliber 6.5. He did not observe the make of the gun. A scope mounted on the rifle bore the following, "4/18 - Coated, Ordnance Department, Inc., California", the wording ".010 Japan" and an insignia in the shape of a cloverleaf with "OSC" in the center. A clip for the gun bore the following: "CN 1 952".

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by Special AgentMANN1	ING C. CLEMENTS / MAC	Dete dictated
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIG

Date 11/22/63

Mr. <u>ALAYEARGAN</u>, H. L. Green Company, Main and <u>Ervay Streets</u>, advised that company has in stock and is offering for sale a large number of Italian 6.5 mm rifles that are surplus from World War II. He exhibited his record books reflecting the serial numbers of all rifles sold by that company and the names and addresses of the persons to whom sold. A review of these records failed to reflect any record of a 6.5 mm rifle with Serial No. C 2766.

Mr. MEARAAN advised that they get their supply of N.Y these rifles from crescent Firearms Company, New York City. N.Y

Mr. YEARGAN advised that he believes that H. L. Green Company is the only company in Dallas handling any quantity of these Italian 6.5 mm rifles.

by Special Agent	AT A. PINESTON/tjd	11/22/63 Dete dictated
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. 1919 On November 22, 1963, the New York Office advised that a check of the Crescent Firsarms, Inc., 2 West 37th Street, New York, New York, Forletten surject weapon, Serial Wumber C2766, was sold to thein's Sporting Goods, Inc., Chicsgo, Illinois, on June 18, 1962. Said office subsequently advised November 24, 1963, that a further review of Crescent Firearms, Inc. records reflected subject weapon, Serial Number C 2766, was received by the Crescent Firearms, Inc., from Italy in carton of ten weapons and as is indicated above, was subsequently sold to Klein's Sporting Goods, Chicago, Illinois.

On Movember 23, 1963, the Chicago Office advised that WILLIAM J WALDHAN, Virs President, Klein's Sporting Goods, Chicago, Illinois had telephonically advised SA H. BIDNEY MEEL, JR. That his records reflected that Crescent Firearss, Inc., 2 West 37th Street, New York 18, New York, shipped by Invoice No. 3178, on February 7, 1963, subject weapon, an Italian carbine, Serial Number C'2766, to Klein's Sporting Goods. WALDMAN stated their receiving date is not certain at this time but the carton was opened February 22, 1982, by Elsin's and shipment had been received through North Pera Transfer - Lifechultz. He advised said records further disclosed the sublect waspon with four power scope, was shipped March 20, 1963, by parcel post, to "A. Bidell, POB 2915, Dallas, Terrs." The subject weapon had been ordered by air mail letter, bearing postmark Dellas, Texas, March 2 or 12, year not legible with return address and mase, A. Hidell, POB 2915, Dallas, Texas. hiraci

The envelope contained a Klein's ad, on which the order had been written. The order was prepaid in the amount of \$21.45, and notation on shipping bill "N.O.". Said records further disclosed receipt of Powtal Money Order or American Express Company Money Order received by Elein's in payment for said gun on March 13, 1963. A roll of microfilm records containing photographs of order blank and envelope pertaining to above was obtained from Klein's Sporting Goods, Inc. and forwarded to the FBI Laboratory.

Investigation at Dallas, Teres, as set forth elsewhere in this report reveals records of the U.S. Post Office, Dallas, "reflect P.O. Boy 2915, Dallas, Teres, on March 20, 1963, was listed to LEE H. OSWAID. The records of the U.S. Post Office, Dallas, reflect Post Office Woney Order No. 2,202,130,462 in the amount \$21,45, payable to KLEIN's Sporting Goods, signed A. HIDELL, Post Office Box 2915, Dallas, Terus, was issued March 12, 1963, at Dallas, Texas, and is endormed in favor of First Mational Bank of Chicago, by Liein's and bears Klein's stamp number 5091144. This Money Order turned over to JANES T. FREFMAN, of the FBI Laboratory.

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Results of handwriting examination by FBI Laboratory as set forth in instant report, under the heading "Results of FBI Laboratory Examination" reflect handwriting on Money Order made out to Klein's Sporting Goods, bearing name A. HIDELL, Post Office Box 2915, Dallas, Texas, in amount \$21.45, used to purchase subject weapon, has been identified with the known handwriting of suspect LKE H. OSWALD.

DL 89-43 RPG:pm

At 6:45 p.m., November 23, 1963, SAC J. GORDON SHANKLIN advised Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY, Dallas Police Department, that the sale of the rifle used in the killing of President KENNEDY had been traced through serial number to a firm in Chicago, Illinois, and through that firm it had been established that such rifle had been shipped to Dallas. Chief CURRY was also advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had been identified through handwriting as the individual who had ordered this rifle.

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5. F Mr. DIAL D. RYDER, 2028 Hervard (BL 3-4876) stated he is employed as Service Manager, Irving Sport Shop, 221 South Irving Boulevard. Mr. RYDER viewed a photograph of the gun Used to assassing to President KENNEDY after which he stated he did not sell the mount on that gun as that is not the type of mount handled by Irving Sport Shop and does not recall the gun.

Mr. EYDER locsted ITVIng Sport Shop repair tag number 18374, which is undated and contains the name "OSWALD" as the owner of the gun being repaired. The tag reflects the work as being "drill and tap \$4.50" and "bore sight \$1.50" for a total of \$6.00. The tag contains no additional information, is prepared in pencil, is not dated and Mr. RYDER stated this is the only record in existence of this transaction. RYDER said the tag was prepared by himself. He pointed out that as there is no record of sale of mounts or other items this would reflect that customer OSWALD brought in the gun, scope and mounts with "" only work being performed which was drill and tap and bore sight. Mr. RYDER stated that the work for OSWALD was performed between November 1 and 14, 1963, and the only other person employed in the store during that period was CAROL BERRY, a clerk who resided at 2302 Druid Drive, Irving, Texas.

. Mr. RYDER stated he has no recollection of mounting a side mount of the type on the gun used to assassinate President KENNEDY but pointed out that during the past few weeks he had attached a tremendous number of scopes, therefore, it is possible be did mount this scope and does not have any recollection of it at this time.

Mr. RYDER viewed a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, taken August 9, 1963, after which he stated that he cannot be positive that OSWALD has been a customer in the Irving Sport Shop but is quite sure that he has seen and/or talked to OSWALD probably in the store. He stated that he amociates OSWALD's picture with that of an individual who brought in an Argentine made rifle about two weeks ago and he, RYDER, attached a scope on that gun. He pointed out that an Argentine rifle of the type he has in mind has a different bolt assembly than does the gun used to assassinate President KENNEDY, therefore he cannot be definitely sure that the person he has in mind is identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

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- <u>11/2</u>	25/63et	Irving, Texas	DL 89-43
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11/25/63

Miss CAROL BERRY, 2302 Druid Drive, Irving, Texas, stated she is employed as a clerk by the Irving Sport Shop, 221 South Irving Boulevard.

After viewing a photograph of the gun used to assassinate President KENNEDY and a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD taken August 9, 1963, she stated she cannot recall either the gun or OSWALD ever being in the sport shop. She stated that she has no recollection of a gun being in the sport shop during the recent past that had a side mount carrying strap but pointed out that a carrying strap can be detached with relative ease, therefore, she cannot be sure the assassin's gun was not in the shop.

11/25/63 Irving, Texas	File # DL 89-43
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By communication dated November 25, 1963, Philadelphia Office furnished the following information.

JOHN GARIS, Terminal Manager KLifschultz, Fast Freight Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, advised SA BRUCE G. Company ERICKSON that a shipment of ten cases of firearms was received from the North Penn Transfer Company, Lansdale, Pennsylvania, on February 13, 1963, and was sent out by Fing Four, Pro Number 725, due to arrive in Chicago, Illinois on February 15, 1963. GARIS further advised all information concerning Pro Numbers and contents would be contained on the Bill of Lading, retained by Lifschultz Fast Freight Company, 28 North Franklin, Chicago, Illinois.

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By communication dated November 25, 1963, the Chicago Office furnished the following information.

MERRILL BROWN, Lifschultz Fast Freight Company, 28 North Franklin Street, Chicago, Illinois, made available the following items to SAs ROBERT G. PIPER and ROBERT C. CRATTY:

1. Bill of Lading, Pro Number & 394857, dated February 12, 1963, reflecting shipment of ten cases of "guns or rifles" from Crescent Firearms, Inc., Pottsville, Pennsylvania, shipper number 3178, consigned to "Kelin" (Klein's) Sporting Goods, 4540 West Nadison Street, Chicago, Illinois.

2. Delivery Receipt No. 3-041342, reflecting receipt by Klein's Sporting Goods, Inc., on February 21, 1963, of the above mentioned shipment.

3. Cashier's copy of delivery by Lifschultz driver to Klein's Sporting Goods on February 21, 1963.

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XI. State Prosecutive Action Taken Against Lee Harvey Oswald

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The following information was obtained by SA JAMES P. HOSTY, JR., from the office of Captain WILL FRITZ, Dallas Police Department, on November 25, 1963:

A complaint charging LEE HARVEY OSWALD with murder of Police Officer J. D. TIPPIT, on November 22, 1963, in Dallas, Texas, was authorized by Assistant District Attorney BILL ALEXANDER, Dallas County, Dallas, Texas, on November 22, 1963. The complaint was filed by Captain WILL FRITZ of the Dallas Police Department at approximately 6:00 p.m., the same date.

OSWALD was arraigned before Justice of the Peace DAVID L. NOHNSTON in Dallas, after which he was held without bond in The City Jail. Assistant District Attorney ALEXANDER also authorized the filing of a complaint against OSWALD for the murder of President JOHN F. KENNEDY in Dallas, Texas on November 22, 1963. The complaint was filed at 11:25 p.m., November 22, 1963.

Further, on November 23, 1963, an authorized local complaint was filed against OSWALD charging him with assault to murder Governor JOHN B. CONNALLY. A complaint for this charge was issued by Justice of the Peace DAVID L. JOHNSTON at Dallas, Texas.

No arraignment on the wurder charges in connection with the death of President KENNEDY was held inasmuch as such arraignment was not necessary in view of the previous charges filed against OSWALD and for which he was arraigned.

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Dete 11/25/63

At 2:30 AM, I received a telephone call at the office of the Dallas FBI from an unknown male who spoke in a calm voice and asked, "I would like to talk to the man in charge."

I told he caller that the SAC was not present at that time and asked him if someone else could help him. The caller then said, "Wait a minute.", and apparently turned the phone over to another man. I am not certain there were two different voices, however, the tone of the unknown caller's voice changed somewhat at this point.

The voice at this point was calm and mature in sound and this person stated as follws: "I represent a committee that is neither right nor left wing, and tonight, tomorrow morning, or tomorrow night, we are going to kill the man that killed the President. There will be no excitement and we will kill him. We wanted to be sure and tell the FBI, Police Department, and Sheriff's Office and we will be there and we will kill him."

The unknown caller hung up without any other statement and without identifying himself in any manner.

I immediately prepared a memorandum reflecting this information and furnished same to SA MILTON L. NEWSON. I was present when SA NEWSOM furnished this information to the Dallas County Sheriffs Office at approximately 3:00 AM, and to the Dallas Police Department at 3:20 AM.

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enenen	Dallas, Texas	File # <u>DL .89-43</u> 44-1639
by Special Algheir BPC V	ERNON R GLOSSUP/cah	Date dictated <u>11/25/63</u>
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Dete 11/25/63

Deputy Sheriff, C. C. McCOY, Dallas Sheriff's Office, was contacted at 3:00 AM telephonically. Deputy McCOY advised <u>Diles Trac</u> he was man in charge at that time. Deputy McCOY was advised <u>Diles Trac</u> of information contained in a memorandum of Security Patrol Clerk VERNON R. GLOSSUP, specifically, "I represent a committee that is neither right nor left wing, and tonight, tomorrow morning, or tomorrow night, we are going to kill the man that killed the President. There will be no excitement and we will kill him. We wanted to be sure and tell the FBI, Police Department, and Sheriff's Office and we will be there and we will kill him." McCOY was told that this information came from an unknown male caller.

Deputy McCOY advised he had received a call which he believed identical except the man said, "I represent a committee of around one hundred people who have voted to kill the man who killed the President."

MCCOY said Sheriff DECKER was advised of this call and security precautions are being made to protect OSWALD.

McCOY said the unknown caller indicated to him they were advising the Sheriff's Office because they did not want any of the Sheriff's Office men hurt, but they were going to kill the man anyway,

McCOY said plans had been made to transfer OSWALD to the County Jail from the Dallas City Jail at 10:00 AM on November 24, 1963. He said this information had been made public through news releases.

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Dete 11/25/63

Captain W. B. FRAZIER, man in charge, Dallas Police Department, at 3:20 AN was advised of information received from an unknown caller by Security Patrol Clerk VERNON R. GLOSSUP at the Dallas FBI office, as follows: "I represent a committee that is meither-right nor left wing, and tonight, tomorrow morning, or tomorrow night, we are going to kill the man that killed the President. There will be no excitement and we will kill him. We wanted to be sure and tell the FBI, Police Department, and Sheriff's Office and we will be there and we will kill him."

FRAZIER said the Police Department has not received any calls of this type to his knowledge, but he advised he would check other bureau heads in the Police Department to see if a call of this type had been received. He stated he would advise the Dallas office of this information. He said he would give this information to Chief of Police JESSE E.CURRY immediately. He was advised that the Dallas Sheriff's Office received a similar call.

FRAZIER said that plans to transfer OSWALD to the County Jail may be changed in view of this threat, and the Dallas Police Department will keep the FBI advised.

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FRAZIER stated that OSWALD's planned transfer had been publicized primarily as a form of cooperation with the press and news agencies of the press, and other news agencies.

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on 11/24/63 of Dallas, Texas DL	File # _89-43
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by Special Agent MILTON L. NEWSON/mfr	Date dictated <u>11/24/63</u>

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EDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGA

11/25/63 Date

Shortly after 8:00 AN November 24, 1963 I called Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY and was unable to reach him. At 8:15 AM, Chief JESSE CURRY called me and first mentioned another matter regarding the evidence which his Department had given us for the FBI Laboratory. I then relayed to him the following, which was given to Security Patrol Clerk VERNON R. GLOSSUP by an unknown caller at 2:30 AM on Movember 24, 1963: "I represent a committee that is neither right nor left wing, and tonight, tomorrow morning, or tomorrow night, we are going to kill the man that killed the President. There will be no excitement and we will kill him. We wanted to be sure and telf the FBI, Police Department, and Sheriff's Office and we will be there and we will kill him."

Chief CURRY advised me that he had already received this information from one of his officers and that he was taking all precautions. He stated that he had changed his schedule for the moving of OSWALD. He stated he was not going to give this out to the press and that he had two armored cars and that OSWALD would be placed in one of the armored cars and that both of them would go out, which would mean that one of the cars was being used for diversion purposes.

I mentioned to Chief CURRY that according to the . employee who received this information from the anonymous caller, that he seemed very calm while talking and could have possibly been reading the statement; he had a very mature sounding voice, and possibly there was another voice heard in the background.

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Detective J. R. LEAVELLE, 7703 Rilla Avenue, Dallas, Texas, Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department, advised about 11:15 a.m., November 24, 1963, LEE HARVEY OSWALD was taken from the Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department, located on the third floor of the City Hall Building, for the purpose of transporting him to the Dallas County Jail. OSVALD WAR handcuffed and was thereafter handcuffed to the left hand of LEAVELLE. LEAVELLE stated that Detective L. C. GRAVES had hold of the left arm of OSWALD. He stated that Captain J. N. FRITZ, Homicide and Robbery Bureau, and Lieutenant R. E.XSWAIN, Burglary and Theft Bureau, proceeded in front of them, and L. D. MONTGOMERY, Homicide and Robbery Bureau brought up the rear. All of the above mentioned individuals proceeded from the third floor by way of the jail elevator to the jail office located in the basement of the City Hall Building. Homicide and Robbery detectives I. EXBECK and C. N.Y. DHORITY had previously departed for the purpose of getting the transportation cars into position.

Detective LEAVELLE and GRAVES after arriving in the jail office hesitated at the door leading from the jail office into the outside corridor until they obtained an all-clear signal from Captain FRITZ who had proceeded into the corridor ahead of them. LEAVELLE stated that thereafter, he and GRAVES, with OSWALD between them as previously described, proceeded from the jail office into the corridor leading out into the underground parking area. It was noted in the corridor that uniform officers were lined up along the wall, and that news media were gathered on the auto ramp to the left and front of LEAVELLE and the escorting officers. The car in which OSWALD was to be transported was on the ramp and was backing up to the position where OSWALD could get in. Captain FRITZ was in the lead and was stopped at the edge of the ramp waiting to get into the front seat of the car. GRAVES and LEAVELLE stopped momentarily for the car to back up. When the bumper of the car got even with the right side of LEAVELLE, JACK RUBY darted from the crowd of news media about six feet way and had gun in hand. RUBY shot OSWALD at a distance of approximately fifteen inches away.

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LEAVELLE stated that when he saw RUBY dart at OSWALD, he jerked on OSWALD's handcuff at approximately the exact time of the shot and pushed RUBY back with his hand on OSWALD's left shoulder. LEAVELLE stated that GRAVES at the same time grabbed RUBY's hand and took the gun away from him.

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At about 11:20 AN, SAS IVAN D. LEE and ROBERT N. BARRETT were contacting EDDIE BARKER, Director of ERLD-TV and Radio News Department, In BARKER's Office was a TV monitor and BARKER advised it was set on a closed circuit channel and that it would depict in a few minutes the removal of LEE HARVEY OSWALD from the City Jail to the Dallas County Jail.

Texas The Agents first observed numerous police officers and members of the press in an area in the basement of the City Hall near a door which connects the City Jail. Office and the garage area in the basement. At about 11:24 AM, Agents observed Captain WILL FRITZ come out of the hall which leads to the City Jail Office and he was preceding the officers and men who were bringing OSWALD from the jail to the armored truck. This armored truck was parked on the south side of the City Hall which is the exit from the City Hall garage area and which was up a ramp from the garage area. About 10 to 15 feet behind FRITZ, Agents observed Ligutenant RICHARD EX SWAIN precede the group of officers which were leading OSWALD. OSWALD had a police officer holding on to each arm and ... numerous police officers were behind him. There was no officer in that 5 to 6 feet area between SWAIN and OSWALD. At about 11:25 AN, the Agents observed a man wearing a dark hat and suit jump into the clearing with a revolver in his right hand and he moved directly toward OSWALD. A shot was heard and the TV announcer immediately screamed, "OSWALD has been shot." He repeated this numerous times. OSWALD was observed falling forward and numerous officers jumped is on top of him. The man who fired the shot was observed being grabbed by several officers and taken immediately back into the City Jail Office.

About 4 minutes later an ambulance appeared on the scene and Agents observed OSWALD being brought out on a stretcher. Бо was entirely limp with his arms hanging over the side of the stretcher. He was lying on his back. He was immediately placed in the ambulance and taken to the hospital.

Within about 2 minutes of the shooting the announcer at the scene announced over the closed circuit TV that the mn who shot OSWALD was well known to Dallas police officers. About 5 minutes after the shooting the announcer stated that the man who shot OSWALD had been identified as JACK RUBY.

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On November 25, 1963, Mr. C. J. PRICE, Administrator, Parkland Memorial Hospital, Dallas, Texas, advised that a statement concerning resuscitative efforts, LEE BARVEY OSWALD had been prepared at 5:00 p.m., November 24, 1963, by M. T. JENKINS, MD, Professor and Chairman, Department of Anesthesiology. This statement, a copy of which has been given the FBI, reflects that at approximately 11:27 a.m., November 24, 1963, Dr. RONALD JONES, Senior Resident in general surgery after being notified through the Office of the Administrator of Parkland Memorial Hospital informed a surgical and anesthesiology team that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had sustained a gunshot wound and was being brought to the emergency operating room at Parkland Memorial Hospital for emergency and definitive treatment. By the time the patient OSWALD was reported in the emergency operating room at 11:32 a.m., there was assembled a resuscitation team in E.O. R. Surgical Room #2. Statement further reflects a time table description of medical treatment administered up to 1005 p.m. when statement indicates it was apparent that the lens had become opaque and retinal circulation was not observed. At 1:07 p.m. the patient OSWALD was pronounced dead.

It should be noted that the statement reflects the bullet which had palpable in the right posterior axillary line was removed and sent out by Dr. ROBERT SHAW and Miss AUDREY BELL to be turned over to the law authorities.

Mr. PRICE further advised that report of emergency case number 48162 dated April 18, 1945, reflects that OSWALD, LEE, 4801 Victor, Dallas, Texas, at the age of five was treated for an injury sustained when he was hit in the left eye by a rock. Patient was treated with ice packs and discharged on April 19, 1945.

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